A Data Management Plan created using DMPToolTitle: CSSI Elements: Exosphere, A Researcher-Friendly Interface to the CloudCreator: David LeBauerAffiliation: University of Arizona (arizona.edu)Principal Investigator: David S LeBauerData Manager: David S LeBauer, Julian Pistorius, Chris MartinProject Administrator: Julian Pistorius, Chris MartinFunder: National Science Foundation (nsf.gov)Funding opportunity number: 56703Template: NSF-CISE: Computer and Information Science and Engineering

Project abstract:

Cloud computing supports fundamentally new advances in science and engineering by providing new methods of storing, analysing, visualizing, and sharing data. Research clouds deliver on-demand and persistent resources with elastic scaling, fully-configurable software environments, and interactivity beyond what HPC systems can provide. This enables rapid development of analytical models and long-lived applications (Science Gateways) to facilitate data sharing and reuse. NSF has invested in research cloud systems, and these systems continue to add new capabilities. For example, Jetstream 2 delivers persistent access to GPUs for massively parallel computation and accelerated visualization. Modern computational techniques are unevenly adopted across science domains. For research clouds to achieve the greatest impact, they must be easy for researchers to use and easy for cloud operators to deploy. Previous efforts to build such interfaces have not met this challenge: the default user interface for OpenStack research clouds, named Horizon, was designed for use by Information Technology professionals. CyVerse Atmosphere, another research cloud interface, is user-friendly but does not support persistent workloads. Atmosphere is also difficult to deploy and costly to support. This leaves an accessibility gap between research and the power of research clouds. We close this accessibility gap with Exosphere: a new client interface which brings advanced capabilities of research clouds within reach of non-advanced users. Exosphere is an easy-to-use web-based application that is also easy to deploy. It delivers both command-line and graphical desktop access to cloud resources with one click, and displays workload resource usage with real-time plots. NSF-funded projects already use Exosphere and feedback has been positive. A three-year CSSI award will realize Exosphere's potential for transformational science applications on research clouds. In the first project year we will improve the maturity and user experience of the Exosphere graphical interface, and expose more

advanced capabilities of research clouds. These capabilities include elastic scaling, iterative exploration environments, secure data science workbench sharing, and displaying vital signs of cloud resources in a dashboard. Exosphere will deliver GPU-accelerated streaming desktop environments in the researcher's web browser to enable high-performance rendering and computation in scientific desktop software, a fundamentally new capability in the research cloud ecosystem. In the second year, we will support one-click launch of data science workbenches, e.g. JupyterLab and RStudio Server, and support the Scientific Filesystem to encourage reproducibility. We will also transform distributed science education workshops with powerful features for facilitators. In the third year, we will build support for at least one commercial cloud platform, Amazon Web Services, Google Cloud Platform, or Microsoft Azure, to support efficient use of these expensive resources, and migration of workloads between research and commercial clouds. Intellectual Merit: Exosphere multiplies the force of research clouds by removing barriers to adoption and enabling transformational science applications. Modern computing methods and data science techniques enable fundamentally new and more powerful approaches. Exosphere will empower more scientists to leverage these approaches with large datasets and complex analyses. This will enable fundamentally new discoveries, creating sustained and sustainable impacts. Broader Impacts: Exosphere's focus on usability and access to research clouds, including those that NSF provides, will benefit under-served groups, including researchers at minority-serving and primarilyundergraduate institutions who otherwise lack training to use modern, cloud-enabled research techniques. Easier access to shared cloud infrastructure will accelerate scientific discovery by reducing bottlenecks of personal computers, and reducing reliance on expensive workstations. Thus, Exosphere will help broaden participation in research and STEM fields. Further, Exosphere increases the value of existing research clouds in the national CI ecosystem by lowering barriers to adoption and adding new capabilities. Finally, Exosphere has applications outside of research computing. Many industrial, not-for-profit, and educational groups operate OpenStack cloud infrastructure. Exosphere could bring the first user-friendly, easy-to-deploy cloud computing interface to these communities.

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CSSI Elements: Exosphere, A Researcher-Friendly Interface to the Cloud

This project will neither collect samples nor generate scientific data. Data produced by the project will be related to the development, use, and distribution of software. The project will generate source code (text files), compiled software (binary files), and documentation (structured text markup files and compiled HTML). These may be accompanied by media files (images, diagrams, and videos). Anonymous user interviews and surveys will also be conducted, and this will generate response data.

Documentation: user-facing and internal documentation will be written in a structured markup format such as Markdown.

File formats : all text files, using git for version control; GitLab for code hosting and continuous integration; Zenodo for archiving of two or more versioned releases per year that will including the addition of features proposed in this study.

Source code is written in a mix of programming languages, primarily Elm and JavaScript. Some code that is deployed to cloud instances will use Bash, Python, or Ansible (YAML). In any case, the project will use industry-standard formatting tools (e.g. elm-format, ESLint, Pylint) to ensure that source code complies with language-specific conventions.

We will provide metadata related to software and its use in standard formats designed for both humans and machines. Software metadata will be stored in the root directory of the repository - in JSON files following the Codemeta and Zenodo schemas to faciliate discovery and reuse. Furthermore, we will make relevant information available to contributors by maintaining a README.md, LICENSE, CONTRIBUTING.md, and related files in the root directory of the repository. A Dockerfile will describe dependencies and enable easy deployment. Continuous integration metrics will inform users of testing coverage and failures.

User survey response data will be stored in a standard format; this project's user survey may be integrated with the Jetstream Cloud user survey, in which case the data format will be determined by Jetstream personnel.

All products of this work, and as much design and discussion activity as possible will be conducted in public forums including GitLab. All data and code generated within the scope of this project will be available in public repositories and databases. We will develop, test, and release code in GitLab. Gitlab repository contents and binaries will be automatically archived and assigned a DOI by Zenodo with each tagged release. Publications are budgeted to be open-access, and we will deposit publications and slides on pre-print servers and other public venues.

Anonymous user survey data will be published or shared only in aggregate form, and only after approval from the applicable institutional review boards (IRBs) to ensure the privacy of participants.

We are committed to enhancing the value of research and furthering the advancement of public knowledge. The Exosphere software products are released under the permissive BSD 3-Clause License. All other resources developed during the course of the project will be made available to the scientific community with licenses that support further reuse, modification, and redistribution such as the BSD-3-Clause, CC-By, CC-0 Public Domain, or similar.

Code will be maintained on GitLab, with a mirror on GitHub, archives on Zenodo, and copies on no fewer than four personal computers. All code changes will be documented and stored using Git version control. Each release will be tagged in the git repository and archived on Zenodo.

Question not answered.

PI LeBauer will be responsible for ensuring adherence to this plan. LeBauer and Exosphere developers Julian Pistorius and Chris Martin have extensive experience with source code maintenance and software distribution and have been using the approach described in this plan for many years, including with Exosphere. If the PI leaves the project or institution, responsibilities will be transferred to collaborator Blake Joyce, PhD, Assistant Director of Research Computing at UA HPC center. All contributions to publications, software code, design, or feedback will be recognized appropriately through co-authorship and acknowledgements.