

United States Department of Energy (DOE) (energy.gov): Department of Energy (DOE): Office of Science

1. Data sharing and preservation

Data management plans should describe whether and how data generated in the course of the proposed research will be [shared](#) and [preserved](#). If the plan is not to share and/or preserve certain data, then the plan must explain the basis of the decision (for example, cost/benefit considerations, other parameters of feasibility, scientific appropriateness, or limitations discussed in #4). At a minimum, DMPs must describe how data sharing and preservation will enable [validation](#) of results, or how results could be validated if data are not shared or preserved.

Guidance:

The following list of elements for a DMP provides suggestions regarding the data management planning process and the structure of a DMP:

Data Types and Sources. A brief, high-level description of the data to be generated or used through the course of the proposed research and which of these are considered Digital Research Data necessary to Validate the research findings.

Content and Format. A statement of plans for data and metadata content and format including, where applicable, a description of documentation plans, annotation of relevant software, and the rationale for the selection of appropriate standards. (Existing, accepted community standards should be used where possible. Where community standards are missing or inadequate, the DMP could propose alternate strategies that facilitate data sharing, and should advise the sponsoring program of any need to develop or generalize standards.)

Data Sharing and Data Preservation. A description of the plans for data sharing and preservation. This should include, where appropriate:

- the anticipated means for sharing and rationale for any restrictions on who may access the data and under what conditions;
- a timeline for sharing and preservation that addresses both the minimum length of time the data will be available and any anticipated delay to data access after research findings are published;
- any special requirements for data sharing, for example, proprietary software needed to access or interpret data, applicable policies, provisions, and licenses for re-use and re-distribution, and for the production of derivatives, including guidance for how data and data products should be cited;
- any resources and capabilities (equipment, connections, systems, software, expertise, etc.) requested in the research proposal that are needed to meet the stated goals for sharing and preservation. (This could reference the relevant section of the associated research proposal and budget request);
- cost/benefit considerations to support whether/where the data will be preserved after direct project funding ends and any plans for the transfer of responsibilities for sharing and preservation;
- whether, when, or under what conditions the management responsibility for the research data will be transferred to a third party (e.g. institutional, or community repository);
- any future decision points regarding the management of the research data including plans to reevaluate the costs and benefits of data sharing and preservation.

Rationale. A discussion of the rationale or justification for the proposed data management plan including, for example, the potential impact of the data within the immediate field and in other fields, and any broader societal impact.

- [DOE Office of Science Statement on Digital Data Management](#)
- [DOE Suggested Elements for a Data Management Plan](#)
- [DOE Policy FAQs](#)

2. Data used in publications

Data management plans should provide a plan for making all research data displayed in publications resulting from the proposed research open, machine-readable, and digitally accessible to the public at the time of publication. This includes data that are displayed in charts, figures, images, etc. In addition, the underlying digital research data used to generate the displayed data should be made as accessible as possible to the public in accordance with the [Principles](#) published in the DOE Policy for Digital Research Data Management. The published article should indicate how these data can be accessed.

Guidance:

- [DOE Office of Science Statement on Digital Data Management](#)
- [DOE Suggested Elements for a Data Management Plan](#)
- [DOE Policy FAQs](#)

3. Data management resources

Data management plans should consult and reference available information about data management resources to be used in the course of the proposed research. In particular, DMPs that explicitly or implicitly commit data management resources at a facility beyond what is conventionally made available to approved users should be accompanied by written approval from that facility. In determining the resources available for data management at DOE Scientific User Facilities, researchers should consult the published [description of data management resources](#) and practices at that facility and reference it in the DMP. Information about other Office of Science facilities can be found in the [additional guidance from the sponsoring program](#).

Guidance:

- [DOE Office of Science Statement on Digital Data Management](#)
- [DOE Suggested Elements for a Data Management Plan](#)
- [DOE Policy FAQs](#)
- [Resources at DOE Scientific User Facilities](#)

4. Confidentiality, security and rights

Data management plans must protect confidentiality, personal privacy, [Personally Identifiable Information](#) and U.S. national, homeland, and economic security; recognize proprietary interests, business confidential information, and intellectual property rights; avoid significant negative impact on innovation and U.S. competitiveness; and otherwise be consistent with all applicable laws, regulations, agreement terms and conditions, and DOE orders and policies. There is no requirement to share proprietary data.

Guidance:

For proposals with Human Subjects Research (HSR), including research involving Personally Identifiable Information (PII), an appropriate research protocol will need to be approved by the appropriate DOE Institutional Review Board (IRB) or an external IRB with an approved federal wide assurance. Follow the instructions of the research solicitation to determine whether or not the data management aspects of this protocol should be included in the DMP. At a minimum the DMP should acknowledge the type of HSR and/or PII involved and give a projected timeline for IRB approval. Information regarding DOE requirements for HSR and research involving PII, including how to obtain IRB approval, can be found [here](#).

- [DOE Office of Science Statement on Digital Data Management](#)
- [DOE Suggested Elements for a Data Management Plan](#)
- [DOE Policy FAQs](#)
- [DOE Human Subjects Protection Program](#)