**Plan Overview**

*A Data Management Plan created using DMPTool*

**Title:** Afro-Descendant Movements and Territories of Life in Urban Spaces: Examples from Brazil

**Creator:** Juliana Goes

**Principal Investigator:** Juliana Góes, Agustin Lao-Montes

**Data Manager:** Juliana Góes

**Project Administrator:** Juliana Góes

**Affiliation:** University of Massachusetts Amherst (umass.edu)

**Funder:** National Science Foundation (nsf.gov)

**Template:** NSF-SBE: Social, Behavioral, Economic Sciences

**Project abstract:**

This research investigates how Afro-descendant movements in Latin America have organized urban communities as alternatives to Western modernity. By demanding control over their land and organizing their communities according to their ethnic traditions and ancestral ontologies, these movements have created self-determined collectives in which people can experience new forms of sociability, economies, and politics – what I call territories of life. Decolonial authors who have studied these communities define them as a path to promote decoloniality - a rupture with Western modern/colonial logics. However, most of the studies focus on communities in rural areas, limiting confidence in their utility as lessons for decolonial resistance more generally. This research, in contrast, explores the specificity of territories of life in an urban space. I employ an ethnographic and participatory/collaborative methodological approach to analyze three Afro-descendant groups creating territories of life in Belo Horizonte, a city in Brazil. More specifically, this research employs participant observation, semi-structured interviews, and participatory workshops to explore the territories of life organized by the groups under study, how they are constructing them, and the limit and potential of these territories to promote decoloniality.

**Start date:** 08-01-2021

**End date:** 07-28-2022

**Last modified:** 03-15-2021

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Afro-Descendant Movements and Territories of Life in Urban Spaces: Examples from Brazil

Roles and responsibilities

The DMP should outline the rights and obligations of all parties as to their roles and responsibilities in the management and retention of research data. It should also consider changes to roles and responsibilities that will occur should a principal investigator or co-PI leave the institution or project. Any costs should be explained in the Budget Justification pages.

The CO-PI (Juliana Góes) will be responsible for data collection, management, storage, retention, and dissemination. She will review and update the data management plan after six months of the research being initiated to ensure the plan is being adhered to. The PI (Prof. Agustin Lao-Montes) will mentor the process.

Expected data

The DMP should describe the types of data, samples, physical collections, software, curriculum materials, and other materials to be produced in the course of the project. It should then describe the expected types of data to be retained.

Data produced in this research will be: audio recordings from 30 in-depth semi-structured interviews of approximately 1.5 hours in length, transcriptions of these interviews, field notes from participant observation, and reports of the workshops held with representatives of the Afro-Brazilian urban movements. The CO-PI will transcribe audio recordings and type field notes and workshop reports using word processing software. The CO-PI also will share the reports with workshop participants, who will review, correct, and contribute to the document.

Data will be coded using NVivo, a qualitative research software. In addition, the CO-PI will write analytical memos in word processing software to each code to track their meanings, connections, and relationships with the theoretical framework.

Period of data retention

SBE is committed to timely and rapid data distribution. However, it recognizes that types of data can vary widely and that acceptable norms also vary by scientific discipline. It is strongly committed, however, to the underlying principle of timely access, and applicants should address how this will be met in their DMP statement.

Audio recordings from interviews will be stored until they have been transcribed. Transcriptions, field notes, and workshop reports, as well as the memos related to the coding process, will be stored for five years from the date of the CO-PI’s final publication associated with this research.

Data format and dissemination

The DMP should describe data formats, media, and dissemination approaches that will be used to make data and metadata available to others. Policies for public access and sharing should be described, including provisions for appropriate protection of privacy, confidentiality, security, intellectual property, or other rights or requirements. Research centers and major partnerships with industry or other user communities must also address how data are to be shared and managed with partners, center members, and other major stakeholders.

Audio recordings will be stored in .mp3 format. Transcriptions, field notes, and workshop reports will be stored in .doc and .rtf. NVivo files will be stored in .aspv format.

Analytical memos will be stored in .doc and .rtf formats.

Since this research is related to specific social movements, transcriptions, field notes, and workshop reports may be identifiable by nature. Due to this, raw data will not be made publicly available. Results from this project will be processed and anonymized by the CO-PI and will be disseminated in four ways. First, the CO-PI will write a book-style dissertation, that will be presented to the members of Afro-descendant movements engaged in the research and will later be submitted for publication. Second, academic articles will be produced and presented at academic conferences. Third, a final report of the workshops, co-conceived with the workshop participants and comprising of an overview of the collaborative research process, will be created and made available online at the ScholarWorks@UMass Data Repository (https://scholarworks.umass.edu/data).

This is an open access repository administrated by the University of Massachusetts Amherst that provides stable and long-term URL links to research material. In addition, ScholarWorks is indexed by Google, Bing, and other search engines, allowing accessibility to readers worldwide, including the non-academic community. The report will be in English and Portuguese and in accessible/popular language. Readme files, which provide contextual information about the data, will follow the report. Finally, the report also will be listed on the Registry of Anthropological Data Wiki (https://anthroregistry.fandom.com/wiki/Special:WikiActivity).

Data storage and preservation of access

The DMP should describe physical and cyber resources and facilities that will be used for the effective preservation and storage of research data. These can include third party facilities and repositories.

Data will be stored in the secure online storage system offered by the University of Massachusetts at Amherst. Currently, this system is called Box, but the university is transitioning to Microsoft OneDrive. Both systems provide tools to secure sensitive data and allow the user to share files with invited people only. Workshop reports will be shared with workshop participants through these systems to enable them to collaborate with the file.

Besides, data will be backed up to an external hard drive, that will be password protected, every two weeks. After the CO-PI leaves the University of Massachusetts at Amherst, the data will be deleted from the online storage and kept on the external hard drive.

Additional possible data management requirements
More stringent data management requirements may be specified in particular NSF solicitations or result from local policies and best practices at the PI’s home institution. Additional requirements will be specified in the program solicitation and award conditions. Principal Investigators to be supported by such programs must discuss how they will meet these additional requirements in their Data Management Plans.

None.