Plan Overview

A Data Management Plan created using DMPTool

Title: Structural basis of eukaryotic clamp loading

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Template: NIH-Default DMSP

Project abstract:

The maintenance of genome stability across generations is critical for human health and relies on the efficient repair of spontaneous DNA lesions and the faithful duplication of all chromosomal DNA prior to cell division. The highly conserved DNA sliding clamps PCNA and 9-1-1 are critical for these genome maintenance mechanisms in eukaryotic cells by acting as mobile hubs for the assembly of the protein complexes mediating the signaling and repair of DNA damage and conducting the faithful replication of the nuclear chromosomes. The dynamic association of PCNA and 9-1-1 with chromosomal DNA is controlled by a set of four conserved and related ATP-dependent clamp loader complexes that each perform non-redundant genome maintenance functions in the cell. How eukaryotic clamp loaders target their client clamps to sites of DNA replication and repair and load the clamps around DNA has been the subject of intense investigation for several decades. Using advanced biochemical reconstitution approaches and cryogenic electron-microscopy (cryo-EM), we have recently determined the first structures of active eukaryotic clamp loader:clamp:DNA complexes, which revealed the molecular basis for the substrate specificities of the yeast RFC and Rad24-RFC complexes and resulted in a significant revision of current clamp loading models. Building on this work, here we propose to extend and advance the approaches established by us for the yeast RFC:PCNA and Rad24-RFC:9-1-1 clamp loader systems to characterize the molecular mechanisms of the yeast and human orthologues of Ctf18-RFC:PCNA, Elg1ATAD5-RFC:PCNA, and RAD17-RFC:9-1-1. The innovative approach leverages the expertise of Dr. Remus’ laboratory in the biochemical reconstitution of eukaryotic DNA replication and the expertise of Dr. Hite’s laboratory in the characterization of the conformational landscapes of protein complexes by cryo-EM. The proposed studies will determine the mechanistic basis for the functional specialization of CTF18-RFC (Aim 1), uncover the currently unknown mechanism of PCNA unloading by Elg1ATAD5-
RFC:PCNA (Aim 2) and visualize the spectrum of conformational states of the human RAD17-RFC:9-1-1 complex to reveal the evolutionary conservation or divergence of the 9-1-1 checkpoint clamp loading mechanism (Aim 3). Collectively, this work will provide novel mechanistic insight into fundamental genome maintenance pathways.

**Start date:** 12-31-2023

**End date:** 12-29-2028

**Last modified:** 06-05-2023

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Structural basis of eukaryotic clamp loading

Data Type

Types and amount of scientific data expected to be generated in the project: *Summarize the types and estimated amount of scientific data expected to be generated in the project.*

Describe data in general terms that address the type and amount/size of scientific data expected to be collected and used in the project (e.g., 256-channel EEG data and fMRI images from ~50 research participants). Descriptions may indicate the data modality (e.g., imaging, genomic, mobile, survey), level of aggregation (e.g., individual, aggregated, summarized), and/or the degree of data processing that has occurred (i.e., how raw or processed the data will be).

This project will produce molecular, structural and cell biological data. The data types being generated will include fluorescence, cryo-EM, and phosphorimaging/autoradiography data. The data will be collected on an in-house Titan Krios, PhosphorImager (Typhoon) and epifluorescence microscope (Deltavision Elite, Cytiva). The cryo-EM data will be collected from at least 2 grids per specimen, generating ~500 tB of total data. Raw images will be processed using state-of-the-art software packages that currently include relion and cryosparc. PhosphorImager scans and fluorescence microscopy will produce < 1TB of image files. Quantitative analysis of autoradiography scans will be performed with ImageJ (https://imagej.nih.gov/ij/index.html).

Scientific data that will be preserved and shared, and the rationale for doing so: *Describe which scientific data from the project will be preserved and shared and provide the rationale for this decision.*

In this proposed project, the raw cryo-EM data, along with processed maps and models will be shared openly by public databases for preservation and reuse. Final files used to generate specific analyses to answer the Specific Aims and related results will also be shared. The rationale for sharing only cleaned data is to foster ease of data reuse.

Metadata, other relevant data, and associated documentation: Briefly list the metadata, other relevant data, and any associated documentation (e.g., study protocols and data collection instruments) that will be made accessible to facilitate interpretation of the scientific data.

To facilitate the interpretation and reuse of the data, metadata will be generated and deposited into a repository along with all shared datasets. Protocol DOIs issued from protocols.io.

Related Tools, Software and/or Code

State whether specialized tools, software, and/or code are needed to access or manipulate shared scientific data, and if so, provide the name(s) of the needed tool(s) and software and specify how
they can be accessed.

Cryo-EM data will be collected using SerialEM (PMID: 31086343). Cryo-EM images will be processed with Cryosparc (PMID: 28165473) and Relion (PMID: 34783343). Maps derived from cryo-EM analysis will be processed with Phenix (PMID: 31588918). All cryo-EM software is available via an academic license.

Standards

State what common data standards will be applied to the scientific data and associated metadata to enable interoperability of datasets and resources, and provide the name(s) of the data standards that will be applied and describe how these data standards will be applied to the scientific data generated by the research proposed in this project. If applicable, indicate that no consensus standards exist.

In accordance with FAIR Principles for data, we will use open file formats (e.g. JPEG, MP4, CSV, TXT, PDF, HTML, etc.) and persistent unique identifiers (PIDs) such as RRIDs for resources (e.g., organisms, plasmids, antibodies, cell lines, software tools, and databases) and DOIs for protocols using protocols.io. The bioimaging community has not yet agreed on a single standard data format that is generated by all acquisition systems, but we will use OME-Files for data that will be preserved and shared.

Data Preservation, Access, and Associated Timelines

Repository where scientific data and metadata will be archived: Provide the name of the repository(ies) where scientific data and metadata arising from the project will be archived; see Selecting a Data Repository)

Raw cryo-EM data will be archived at the Electron Microscopy Public Image Archive. Processed cryo-EM maps will be deposited at the Electron Microscopy Data Bank. Atomic models will be deposited at the Protein Data Bank.

How scientific data will be findable and identifiable: Describe how the scientific data will be findable and identifiable, i.e., via a persistent unique identifier or other standard indexing tools.

The Electron Microscopy Public Image Archive, Electron Microscopy Data Bank and Protein Data Bank all provide metadata, DOI and long-term access. Data will be discoverable online through standard web search of the study-level metadata as well as the persistent pointer from the DOI to the dataset. Persistent Unique Identifiers (PIDs) to improve data findability across all dissemination outputs will include ORCID IDs for people and DOIs for outputs (e.g., datasets, protocols). We will keep our ORCID Records up to date with DOIs for our datasets and publications to increase findability.
When and how long the scientific data will be made available: Describe when the scientific data will be made available to other users (i.e., no later than time of an associated publication or end of the performance period, whichever comes first) and for how long data will be available.

All scientific data generated from this project will be made available as soon as possible, and no later than the time of publication or the end of the funding period, whichever comes first. The duration of preservation and sharing of the data will be a minimum of 5 years after the funding period.

Access, Distribution, or Reuse Considerations

Factors affecting subsequent access, distribution, or reuse of scientific data: NIH expects that in drafting Plans, researchers maximize the appropriate sharing of scientific data. Describe and justify any applicable factors or data use limitations affecting subsequent access, distribution, or reuse of scientific data related to informed consent, privacy and confidentiality protections, and any other considerations that may limit the extent of data sharing. See Frequently Asked Questions for examples of justifiable reasons for limiting sharing of data.

There are no anticipated factors or limitations that will affect the access, distribution or reuse of the scientific data generated by the proposal.

Whether access to scientific data will be controlled: State whether access to the scientific data will be controlled (i.e., made available by a data repository only after approval).

Controlled access will not be used. The data that is shared will be shared by unrestricted download.

Protections for privacy, rights, and confidentiality of human research participants:
If generating scientific data derived from humans, describe how the privacy, rights, and confidentiality of human research participants will be protected (e.g., through de-identification, Certificates of Confidentiality, and other protective measures).

No human subjects.

Oversight of Data Management and Sharing

Describe how compliance with this Plan will be monitored and managed, frequency of oversight, and by whom at your institution (e.g., titles, roles).

Co-PIs Dirk Remus and Richard Hite will be responsible for the day-to-day oversight of lab/team data management activities and data sharing.
Planned Research Outputs

Dataset - "Cryo-EM analysis of CTF18-RFC:PCNA"
Raw images and processed map and models of CTF18-RFC:PCNA complexes in functionally relevant conformations

Dataset - "Cryo-EM analysis of Elg1-RFC:PCNA"
Raw images and processed map and models of Elg1-RFC:PCNA complexes in functionally relevant conformations

Dataset - "Cryo-EM analysis of RAD17-RFC:PCNA"
Raw images and processed map and models of RAD17-RFC:PCNA complexes in functionally relevant conformations

Planned research output details
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<th>Title</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Anticipated release date</th>
<th>Initial access level</th>
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<th>May contain sensitive data?</th>
<th>May contain PII?</th>
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</thead>
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| Cryo-EM analysis of CTF18-RFC:PCNA | Dataset   | 2026-05-30               | Open                 | Worldwide Protein Data Bank
Electron Microscopy Public Image Archive
The Electron Microscopy Data Bank | 100 TB    | Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International | None specified          | No                                         | No                   |
| Cryo-EM analysis of Elg1-RFC:PCNA  | Dataset   | 2026-05-30               | Open                 | Worldwide Protein Data Bank
Electron Microscopy Public Image Archive
The Electron Microscopy Data Bank | 100 TB    | Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International | None specified          | No                                         | No                   |
| Cryo-EM analysis of RAD17-RFC:PCNA | Dataset   | Unspecified              | Open                 | Worldwide Protein Data Bank
Electron Microscopy Public Image Archive
The Electron Microscopy Data Bank | 100 TB    | Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International | None specified          | No                                         | No                   |