A Data Management Plan created using DMP Tool

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Title: Examining Estrogenic Regulation of Orexin Neurons to Reveal Subpopulations

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Project abstract:

Obesity is an epidemic with few signs of abatement. Nearly half of the adult US population is considered overweight or obese and many of the leading causes of death are considered comorbidities. Furthermore, obesity is marked by a significant health disparity in which females are more susceptible than males. Of particular concern, hypoestrogenic states like menopause are marked by a non-aging related increase in body weight driven by decreased physical activity and enhanced food motivation. However, females are under-represented in basic and clinical research. Consequently, the biological underpinnings are poorly understood and there are few therapeutic options currently available. Orexin neurons of the perifornical region, dorsomedial hypothalamus, and lateral hypothalamus are involved in both circadian activity and food motivation, particularly for palatable food (*i.e.*, those high in fat and sugar). Women tend to have greater orexin signaling than men. Furthermore, orexin peptide levels are increased in post-menopausal compared to women in their reproductive years or those on hormone replacement therapy. Clearly, the orexin system exhibits both sex differences and estrogenic regulation, yet the mechanisms are largely unknown. In this application, we propose to use a combination of molecular, cellular, and behavioral techniques in conjunction with CRISPR/SaCas9 gene editing to address the following aims: (1) Cellularly and behaviorally delineate the putative subpopulations of orexin neurons. (2) Elucidate the estrogenic regulation of orexin signaling onto hunger neurons. (3) Establish the role of Neuropeptide Y in orexin excitability and associated behaviors. The long-range goal of our research is to elucidate the mechanisms by which E2 regulates hypothalamic neural circuits and how dysregulation contributes to disease risk. The current proposal aims to exploit differential estrogenic regulation to assemble our knowledge of the orexin system into a useful framework for future study. Not only will these findings help address health disparities in obesity, but potentially identify novel therapeutic targets to treat insomnia, addiction, anxiety, and attention deficit disorder.

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Examining Estrogenic Regulation of Orexin Neurons to Reveal Subpopulations

Data Type

Types and amount of scientific data expected to be generated in the project: Summarize the types and estimated amount of scientific data expected to be generated in the project.

Describe data in general terms that address the type and amount/size of scientific data expected to be collected and used in the project (e.g., 256-channel EEG data and fMRI images from ~50 research participants). Descriptions may indicate the data modality (e.g., imaging, genomic, mobile, survey), level of aggregation (e.g., individual, aggregated, summarized), and/or the degree of data processing that has occurred (i.e., how raw or processed the data will be)

This project will produce primarily three types of data.

1) Electrophysiological data recorded in vitro from brain slices using pClamp 11 software. Raw data will be in pClamp abf format. Processed data will be in Excel spreadsheets (*.xls) and GraphPad Prism files for statistical analysis.

2) Micrographs of labeling from RNAscope (mRNA) and immunocytochemistry (proteins) in cryostat sections take from mouse brains. Raw images will be in .czi format with processed images exported to RGB Tiff format.

Electrophysiological recordings will be done in vitro using whole-cell recordings. GFP and CRE transgenic mice will be used to identify or optogenetically stimulate neurons. Immunocytochemical labeling will be used to visualize protein localization.

Scientific data that will be preserved and shared, and the rationale for doing so: Describe which scientific data from the project will be preserved and shared and provide the rationale for this decision.

In this proposed project, the cleaned, item-level spreadsheet data for all variables will be shared openly, along with example quantifications and transformations from initial raw data. Final files used to generate specific electrophysiological analyses to answer the Specific Aims and related results will also be shared. The rationale for sharing only cleaned data is to foster ease of data reuse. However, raw behavioral data and image files will be shared. This will not only enable others to confirm our findings, but potential perform additional analyses.

Metadata, other relevant data, and associated documentation: Briefly list the metadata, other relevant data, and any associated documentation (e.g., study protocols and data collection instruments) that will be made accessible to facilitate interpretation of the scientific data.

Effort will be made to preserve all meta data associated with data files. Such data is particularly useful when others may wish to do types of data analysis not originally envisioned by research group.

Related Tools, Software and/or Code

State whether specialized tools, software, and/or code are needed to access or manipulate shared scientific data, and if so, provide the name(s) of the needed tool(s) and software and specify how they can be accessed.

pClamp 11 is free to download and use for basic viewing and analysis.

ImageJ is freely distributed and can be used to view and analyze image files.

Excel and GraphPad are not free, but are commercially available.

Standards

State what common data standards will be applied to the scientific data and associated metadata to enable interoperability of datasets and resources, and provide the name(s) of the data standards that will be applied and describe how these data standards will be applied to the scientific data generated by the research proposed in this project. If applicable, indicate that no consensus standards exist

Data will be stored in common or open formats. Information needed to make use of this data such as the meaning of variable names or subject information will be provided in excel or text documents along with data files. Metadata will be preserved whenever possible and care will be taken in file naming and folder organization.

Data Preservation, Access, and Associated Timelines

Repository where scientific data and metadata will be archived: Provide the name of the repository(ies) where scientific data and metadata arising from the project will be archived; see <u>Selecting a Data Repository</u>)

Imaging data will be deposited into NCI's Imaging Data Commons or the Brain Image Library. All other data described above in the "data to be shared" section will be deposited into the DANDI Archive.

How scientific data will be findable and identifiable: Describe how the scientific data will be findable and identifiable, i.e., via a persistent unique identifier or other standard indexing tools.

For electrophysiolgical data, recordings will be organized by Aim and subaim into dated folders. A spreadsheet will be provided with all key information (Subject #, Sex, Treatment, etc).

For imaging data, pictures will be preserved in raw format with metadata indicating subject, sex, antibodies used, and brain region. Metadata will provide information as to settings used to image. Images will be organized into folders based on Aim and subaim.

Behavioral data will be organized by Experiment->Behavioral Assay->Group. Raw video or excel data (exported from tracking software) will be provided.

When and how long the scientific data will be made available: Describe when the scientific data will be made available to other users (i.e., no later than time of an associated publication or end of the performance period, whichever comes first) and for how long data will be available.

All scientific data generated from this project will be made available as soon as possible, and no later than the time of publication or the end of the funding period, whichever comes first. The duration of preservation and sharing of the data will be a minimum of 10 years after the funding period.

Access, Distribution, or Reuse Considerations

Factors affecting subsequent access, distribution, or reuse of scientific data: NIH expects that in drafting Plans, researchers maximize the appropriate sharing of scientific data. Describe and justify any applicable factors or data use limitations affecting subsequent access, distribution, or reuse of scientific data related to informed consent, privacy and confidentiality protections, and any other considerations that may limit the extent of data sharing. See <u>Frequently Asked Questions</u> for examples of justifiable reasons for limiting sharing of data.

There are no anticipated factors or limitations that will affect the access, distribution or reuse of the scientific data generated by the proposal.

Whether access to scientific data will be controlled: State whether access to the scientific data will be controlled (i.e., made available by a data repository only after approval).

Controlled access will not be used. The data that is shared will be shared by unrestricted download.

Protections for privacy, rights, and confidentiality of human research participants: If generating scientific data derived from humans, describe how the privacy, rights, and confidentiality of human research participants will be protected (e.g., through deidentification, Certificates of Confidentiality, and other protective measures).

N/A

Oversight of Data Management and Sharing

Describe how compliance with this Plan will be monitored and managed, frequency of oversight, and by whom at your institution (e.g., titles, roles).

Lead PI Todd STincic, ORCID: 0000-0001-7504-2422, will be responsible for the day-to-day oversight of lab/team data management activities and data sharing. Broader issues of DMS Plan compliance oversight and reporting will be handled by the PI and Co-I team as part of general [campus(es)] stewardship, reporting, and compliance processes.